Heriot-Watt University's Mapping to the UK Quality Code Work-based Learning

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Regulatory contexts for the Quality Code

The Expectations and Core practices of the UK Quality Code for Higher Education (Quality Code) are mandatory for higher education providers in all parts of the UK. Common practices are mandatory in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland and while providers in England may choose to work towards them, they are not required to do so as these are not regulatory requirements and will not be assessed as part of the OfS's regulatory framework. National regulators and QAA are not bound by the information in this advice and guidance and will not view it as containing indicators of compliance. This guidance does not interpret statutory requirements.

Terminology

Apprenticeships: This Theme is intended to be relevant to all apprenticeships that include higher education irrespective of the nation in which they are delivered. This will include, for example, Degree Apprenticeships, Graduate Apprenticeships and Higher Apprenticeships. Providers will need to make reference to other relevant guidance from QAA and other involved bodies for specific requirements, advice and guidance, relevant to the apprenticeship being delivered.

Student: Where the term 'student' is used in this document, it should be used to refer equally to those students who are also 'apprentices'.

Work-based learning: This involves learning through work, learning for work and/or learning at work. It consists of authentic structured opportunities for learning which are achieved in a workplace setting or are designed to meet an identified workplace need. This type of learning typically has a dual function of being designed to meet the learning needs of the employees, developing their knowledge, skills and professional behaviours, and also meeting the workforce development needs of the organisation.

Work-based learning is, therefore, learning which is distinguished from work-related or simulated learning activity that has not been formulated or commissioned by, or in partnership with, employers to address a current workforce need.

Expectations and Practices

The advice underneath the Expectations and Practices is not mandatory for providers but illustrative of a range of possible approaches.

EXPECTATIONS	FOR STANDARDS	EXPECTATIONS FOR QUA	
The academic standards of courses meet the requirements of the relevant national qualifications framework. Courses which are solely work-based learning, or include work-based learning elements, align with the relevant national qualifications framework, Characteristics Statements and the application of Subject Benchmark Statements and any other relevant requirements such as those from PSRBs or funding bodies. This may require differentiated work-based learning across different levels of a course.	The value of qualifications awarded to students at the point of qualification and over time is in line with sector-recognised standards. Education organisations make assessment judgements which are based on objective criteria and are reliable, fair and transparent and in line with sector norms.	Courses are well-designed, provide a high-quality academic experience for all students and enable a student's achievement to be reliably assessed. Education organisations, employers and students are clear on the scope of the work-based learning tasks which will be undertaken and the methods of assessment. Where employers are involved in assessment, appropriate training is given, and the usual mechanisms of standardisation, moderation and external examination are used. Education organisations and employers have formal agreements in place which ensure that the academic experience is high-quality. Where research degrees are undertaken through work-based learning, education organisations ensure that students have an equitable opportunity to those researching in the education organisation.	From ac are pro succeed Stud on, v supp Whe need prov
	ns for Standards. Reference should be made to the detailed s well as the mapping documents to the 'Course Design and	HWU is able to confirm that it meets the above Expectations j mapping provided against each of the Guiding Principles belo and Development'; 'Admissions, Recruitment and Widening A Student Achievement' themes.	w, as well a
 or how courses are delivered or who delivers the In practice, this means that although all work-based I education provider always maintains responsibility fo an equitable opportunity to succeed. The provider ensures that students who are away 	awards are credible and secure irrespective of where em. earning is delivered in partnership, the UK higher r standards and ensures that all students have rded qualifications have the opportunity to achieve asonably comparable with those achieved in other portunity to demonstrate achievement at ding the achievement of occupational and/or	 The provider has a reliable, fair and inclusive admiss In practice, this means that these will take account of sp and how they will impact access to work-based learning Where a provider works in partnership with other of arrangements to ensure that the academic experies courses are delivered and who delivers them. The provider has fair and transparent procedures for accessible to all students. In practice, this means that students are supported by bo employer and understand the different roles of the provi an ultimate right of complaint to the education organisa external organisations; guidance is given on when and h 	ecial educa opportuniti organisatio nce is high or handlin oth the educ der, employ tion, the en
ommon Practice (Standards)		Common Practice (Quality)	
1. The provider reviews its core practices for standards regularly and uses the outcomes to drive improvement and enhancement. In practice, this means that courses and work-based learning settings are regularly reviewed.		 The provider's approach to managing quality takes In practice, this means that a range of formal and inform used to ensure that all stakeholders can contribute. Annu how this input has been achieved and what action has b The provider engages students individually and coll enhancement of the quality of their educational ex In practice, this means that students, employers and oth contribute to course design and development, and ongoing 	aal methods val reports o een taken a ectively in perience. ers involved
	Common Practices (Standards). Reference should be should be	HWU is able to confirm that it meets the above Core and Com	

made to the detailed mapping provided against each of the Guiding Principles below, as well as the mapping documents to

learning opportunities. This nts and professional, statutory

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admission through to completion, all students rovided with the support that they need to eed in and benefit from higher education.

udents on courses that include, or are solely based n, work-based learning will have access to all upport provided to those on other modes of study. There relevant, additional support to meet specific teds of work-based learning students will be rovided.

ty. Reference should be made to the detailed Il as the mapping documents to the 'Course Design ssessment'; 'Research Degrees' and 'Enabling

stem.

cational needs and disabilities nities.

itions, it has in place effective gh-quality irrespective of where or how

ling complaints and appeals which are

ducation organisation and the loyer and themselves. Students have employer and, where relevant, other elevant process(es) can be accessed.

t of external expertise.

ods for collecting evidence can be ts and other review points can show n as a consequence.

in the development, assurance and e.

ved in the work-based learning can toring and evaluation.

HWU is able to confirm that it meets the above Core and Common Practices (Quality). Reference should be made to the detailed mapping provided against each of the Guiding Principles below, as well as the mapping document to the

the 'Partnerships', 'Assessment', 'Enabling Student Engagement' and 'Monitoring and Evaluation' themes.	'Admissions, Recruitment and Widening Access'; 'Partnerships', 'Concern
	'Course Design and Development', 'Monitoring and Evaluation', 'Student

cerns, Complaints & Appeals'; 'External Expertise', lent Engagement' themes.

Guiding Principles with Mapping from HWU Practices

A 'Reference' document is available to use in conjunction with this mapping document.

The guiding principles given here are not mandatory for any provider. They are a concise expression of the fundamental practices of the higher education sector, based on the experience of a wide range of providers. They are intended as a framework for providers to consider when establishing new or looking at existing higher education provision. They are not exhaustive and there will be other ways for providers to meet their requirements.

Guiding Principles (Standards and Quality)	Heriot-Watt University Practice
1. Work-based learning courses and opportunities are designed and developed in partnership with employers, students and other stakeholders (where appropriate) and contain learning outcomes that are relevant to work objectives. Within the context of the Code and the advice and guidance, work-based learning is integral to the course of study and is designed in partnership between the education organisation, employers and students. Other stakeholders may be involved, for instance, care users, professional bodies and regulatory authorities. To ensure integration and an effective experience, course design should include learning outcomes that are directly relevant to work objectives.	 Work-based learning at Heriot Watt University is focussed in the areas of structured work placements and higher education apprentices Heriot Watt University undertake credit-bearing work -based learning for a period of 6 or 12 months (60 or 120 SCQF credits, respective number of Graduate Apprenticeship programmes where students are employed by an employer and spend one day a week in the University is governed by appropriate policies, procedures, guidelines a on Students Placement was reviewed to take account of the introduction of Graduate Apprenticeship Degrees at Heriot Watt form Septe For the management of students on placement (work and academic - including Graduate Apprenticeships) roles and responsibilities, as within policies, procedures and guidelines, is: Policy on Student Placements and briefing paper Guidelines on the Management of Work Placements. The Policy and Guidelines set out key principles and responsibilities, but also allows a flexible framework to take account of variations d Within the Policy, the University has responsibility of all stages of the design, approval, delivery, assessment, monitoring and evaluation outlined within the Policy on Student Placements (Work and Academic) and managed via individual placement learning agreements. Graduate Apprenticeship Students are employees of the partner organisation and spend one day per week at Heriot Watt University for and so on. All the University's courses/programmes must sit within the SCQF framework, be consistent with the Subject Benchmark Statements, ar programmes are accredited by UK Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRB), their requirements and guidelines will be take Where Work-based learning placements form a mandatory, or optional, element of the programme the placement is integral to the programmes are ascredited by UK Professional, Statutory and Aegulatory Bodies (PS

eships (Graduate Apprenticeships). Students at ively). The University also offers an increasing iversity attending lectures, workshops and tutorials.

unpaid. They usually take place during the s and student and employer handbooks. The Policy ptember 2017.

assessment, quality assurance and risk, are outlined

s due to the academic discipline or location of study. tion of work-based learning.

with work objectives. These expectations are

or lectures, tutorial, workshops, laboratory sessions,

and adhere to the QAA Quality Code. Where aken into account.

ogramme and the approved Learning outcomes are ments conducted by the University, normally with

nticeship Framework of learning outcomes. SDS has es are relevant to the employers. These frameworks s, interpret the high level outcomes to generate lower nent (ILA). This works well for apprentices who are s and have more established roles and often do not ble flexibility from the student, education provider and

bes not have the facilities to allow an apprentice to

2. Work-based learning consists of structured opportunities for learning and is achieved through authentic activity and is supervised in the workplace. Work-based learning in the context of the advice and guidance is a structured opportunity. It is an integral part of a course that is achieved through authentic activity which is intended to contribute to meeting a genuine workplace need. Arrangements between employer, education organisation and student should be agreed on how the student is supervised within the workplace, and regular contact should be maintained - appropriate to the student, the workplace context and specific work-based learning opportunity.	 All work-based Learning at Heriot Watt University is governed by appropriate Policies, Procedures, guidelines and handbooks. The (by employers and by Heriot Watt support and o Policy on Student Placements and briefing paper o Guidelines on the Management of Work Placements. As per the Policy on Student Placements, Work-Based Learning placements undergo risk assessment as part of the approval proce and Safety arrangements are in place and there are suitable induction arrangements). The Work Placement Guidelines outline expectations about contact with students whilst on placement to discuss progress, provide p books/diaries and complete assessments. Each programme with a mandatory, or optional, placement element has a more detailed programme-specific handbook outlining stut the supervisory and reporting arrangements during the placement period. Wherever possible site visits by the academic supervisor then virtual visits through Skype are conducted. The Graduate Apprenticeship programmes require approximately 80% of the learning to occur in the workplace, which is a requirem Personal Tutor from the University and a work-based mentor from the employer. The ILA is constructed by discussion between appr and forms the basis of all discussions, but must be formally addressed quarterly. The ILA allows each apprentice and their employe outcomes through work-based learning and authentic opportunities in the workplace to demonstrate this learning. There is sufficient address changes in business need. The ILA allows the apprentice to identify learning outcomes and plan how they will be evidences where the business need changes the ILA can be updated and delivery dates moved. The University is clear that work-based mentory or optional in nature (depending on the degree programme, and location of sture place during the penultimate year of study. Where the work-based learning alcutions and delivery dates moved. The University has in plac
3. Work-based learning opportunities are underpinned by formal agreements between education organisations, employers and students. Work-based learning opportunities will be agreed between education organisations, employers and students; they will need to be formally agreed to ensure all understand the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations. The format and detail of the agreement will vary depending on each opportunity and may follow a format specified by another organisation, for example, apprenticeship agreements and commitment statements in England (see also Partnerships Theme).	 Work-based learning opportunities are approved on a case-by-case basis and agreement on the roles, responsibilities and expecta agreement as stipulated in the Policy on Student Placements. The written agreement is signed/agreed by an appropriate member Work-based learning co-ordinator or nominated supervisor. Credit-bearing Work-based Learning Placements – and the associated learning outcomes - are approved through the University's <i>A</i> are accredited by UK Professional, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies (PSRB), their requirements and guidelines will be taken into ac Placement opportunities are identified from a variety of sources. Some are sourced by the University through contacts in the Care whilst the majority are found by students themselves. Graduate Apprenticeship students are covered by an Employer Support Agreement (ESA), similar to that used by several other GA attend university, the responsibilities of all involved, requirements for funding and the need for support in the workplace for each work-based mentor and Personal Tutor are also described in the Heriot-Watt Graduate Apprenticeship Handbook, available to eac The Individual Learning Agreement (ILA) provides the scaffold onto which the work-based learning is built and provides the record As per the Policy on Student Placements, Work-Based Learning placements undergo risk assessment as part of the placement appropriate Health and Safety; suitable induction arrangements; procedures for termination of the placement partnership; provisi on placement). Credit-bearing Work-based learning opportunities are assessed by the University against the approved learning outcomes of the a

ese documents outline supervision responsibilities nd supervisor arrangements within the workplace. ess (including confirmation that appropriate Health programme/course information, check log Ident, employer and provider responsibilities and are conducted in person. If this is not possible nent of SDS. Each apprentice is assigned a rentice, Personal Tutor and work-based mentor, er to formulate how they will evidence learning t flexibility for the plans in the ILA to be changed to ed based on legitimate work objectives. In cases controlled way, so for example in terms of ned to the University's Learning Enhancement and dy) and can be paid, or unpaid. They usually take me with a genuine workplace need and this is art 1: Student Experience, outlines expectations in ound sufficiency of the academic experience to prove performance. (See particularly Principles ations of each party are set out in a written of the University's academic staff, normally the Academic Approval process. Where programmes ccount.

eers Service, or appropriate academic department,

providers, and includes information on release to apprentice. The responsibilities of the apprentice, ch apprentice and their work-based mentor.

l of achievement.

roval process (including: confirmation of ion of guidance and support for students currently

approved WBL course descriptor.

 Education organisations and employers consider any specific issues in relation to the workplace environment and deal with them appropriately, including informal agreements where appropriate. Education organisations, employers and students have responsibilities to themselves and to others in relation to the workplace environment. These will include, for example, health and safety and safeguarding. Education organisations and employers need to be clear on their respective responsibilities and provide guidance to each other and to students on the specific issues with relevant training, if required. Formal agreements may also need to include details on how specific issues, such as sharing of data, are dealt with. Work-based learning is delivered through a meaningful partnership between students, employers and the education organisation. Work-based learning covers a range of opportunities which, if well designed and managed, will provide a quality experience for all involved. In order to ensure that the needs of the student, employer and education organisation are fully met, the partnership arrangements should be considered and agreed prior to the work-based learning, as will 	 In accordance with the Policy on Student Placements, each placement is accompanied by a written agreement covering responsibiliti considerations and assessment arrangements. Work-Based Learning placements undergo risk assessment as part of the approval process (including confirmation of appropriate He arrangements). Channels for raising concerns and/or complaints within the workplace should be addressed in this induction. As regiprocess, Report II mechanism for raising concerns, and the SafeZone safety and security app are all available, as they are to all regiprocess, Report II's mechanism for raising concerns, and the SafeZone safety and security app are all available, as they are to all regiprocess, Report II's mechanism for raising concerns, and the SafeZone safety and security app are all available, as they are to all regiprocess, and the safetZone safety and security app are all available, as they are to all regiprocess. The U and safety lie with the employer whilst at work and with the University on release days. Data sharing is currently through bi-partite agreements (university to apprentice and university to employer). This will be adapted into University has various Information Governance Policies including (but not exclusively) a Data Protection Policy and a Privacy Notice I and commercial confidentiality issues will be covered via the Placement Agreement. Work-based learning placements are delivered through a meaningful partnership between students' employers and students and this signed by each party. The type of learning opportunities will depend on the duration and type of placements but they will be designed placement element. For Graduate Apprenticeships the University is building meaningful relationships with its employer partners. The large variation of the recognised, by allowing flexibility in the delivery of the GA programmes. In many cases the apprentices are existing staff (not second approach has been to look at an indivi
 the format of the recording of the agreed arrangements. 6. Work-based learning opportunities enable students to apply and integrate areas of subject and professional knowledge, skills and behaviours to enable them to meet course learning outcomes. 	 Work-based placements are explicitly designed to enable students to apply and integrate areas of subject and professional knowledg developed in partnership with employers, students and relevant PSRB bodies and the learning outcomes are aligned with work objec Policy on Student Placements (Work and Academic) and managed via individual placement learning agreements. The learning outcomes University's Academic Approval processes and the link of learning outcomes to work objectives is reinforced through placement hand between Heriot Watt University, the placement provider and the student. Regular contact between placement organisations and thro Groups (representing key employers) feed in to curriculum and placement design.
The significant potential benefits for work- based learning are best achieved where the opportunity exists to integrate all aspects, that is, subject and professional knowledge, skills and behaviours. Learning outcomes for work-based learning should be written to enable these areas to be fully integrated (see also Course Design and Development,	 For Graduate Apprenticeship students the Individual Learning Agreement links all aspects of the Graduate Apprenticeship programm subject has been mapped against outcomes for the relevant professional body. Learners are expected to report on the 'what, why, he competencies. The ILA allows each apprentice and their employer to formulate how they will evidence learning outcomes through work-based learning demonstrate this learning. There is sufficient flexibility for the plans in the ILA to be changed to address changes in business need. The outcomes and plan how they will be evidenced based on legitimate work objectives. In cases where the business need changes the

lities and obligations, including health and safety

Health and Safety and suitable induction egistered students, the University's Complaints registered Heriot Watt students.

University is clear that responsibilities for health

to a single agreement for September 2020. The e (current and prospective students) and ethical

nis is recorded within the placement agreements ned to meet the approved learning outcomes of the

he needs of the University's employer partners is nded to training schemes) so the University's discussing opportunities outside of that role with

and expectations. These agreements can only be en HWU and the employer, but from 2019/20 next

dge, skills and behaviours. Placements are ectives. These expectations are outlined within the tcomes are scrutinised and approved as part of the ndbooks and learning agreement documentation rough University departmental Industrial Advisory

me. The SDS Outcome Framework for each how, when' that links theory and practise, including

rning and authentic opportunities in the workplace to The ILA allows the apprentice to identify learning ne ILA can be updated and delivery dates moved.

Themes). signed by each party. The type of learning opportunities will depend on the duration and type of placements but they will be placement element. Is in the second of the second operation of the second operation of the second operation operation. The second operation operation operation operations of the duration and respect the respective roles, responsibilities and respect the respective roles, responsibilities and support is a disability second operation of the second operation operations of the duration of the second operation operations of the duration operations of the duration operations of the duration and support is provided where required. It should be clear what the respective roles, responsibilities and support is a provided where required. • Respective roles, responsibilities and support is respective roles, responsibilities and support is respective roles, responsibilities and support is provided where required. It should be clear what the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations are further reinforced and communicated through placement handbocks, a compret the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations are further reinforced and communicated through placement handbocks, a compret the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations are further reinforced and communicated through placement handbocks, a compret the respective roles responsibilities and expertices hips student she subset to for a provide a subport is assessment, the role is clearly defined and the student. These will and communicate the and communicated through placement handbocks, a compret the relation and deading regulate hund ending. Subject is assessment and respect the response is a subset of the subset subset is assessment and and respect the response assessment and respect the response subset and communicate theresponse subset and commu			
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 7. Parties understand and respect the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations of the education organisation, employer and student, and appropriate training and support is provided where required. It should be clear what the respective roles, responsibilities and expectations are for the education organisation, the employer and student, and the student. These will vary depending on the type of work-based learning and the relationships between the employer, student and education organisation. They should be clear and transparent and communicated to all involved in the work-based learning and the relationships between the employer are involved in assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, and ardivation are fully used. The University is clear that work-based mentring approvision. Where employers are involved in assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative, assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative, assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative, assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative, assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative, assessment, their role is clearly defined, approprise termine and examination are ful		•	Health and Wellbeing Services provides a range of disability support, collaborating with disability link staff in each School; the team with students, as well as advising the wider staff community. Wellbeing staff also deliver a range of supportive workshops to help b
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 all involved in the work-based learning provision. Where employers are involved in assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, standard mechanisms of moderation, standardisation and external examination are fully used. Heriot Watt staff involved in placement learning have the requisite expertise and competency to undertaken their role. Staff assessment, their role is clearly defined, appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, standard mechanisms of moderation, standardisation and external examination are fully used. The University's programmes are approved through an Academic Approval Process. Once courses/programmes are formal System (PAMS) they are uploaded to the University's website and made available to students, staff and other stakeholders. Admissions and Communications are responsible for ensuring up-to-date publicity materials are available to prospective and information sheets, website and social media channels. Learning outcomes for work-based learning courses are written to integrate work and academic experience. Assessment of apprentices are sufficient to integrate work and academic experience. 	relationships between the employer, student and education organisation. They should be	•	The University offers Mentoring Training for GA work-based mentors, where required. In engineering, for example, many of the wor experience of mentoring others to Chartership, but this is less common in business management and IT sectors.
 appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, standard mechanisms of moderation, standardisation and external examination are fully used. The University is clear that work-based mentors and other staff at GA employers can contribute to assessment of apprentice where they may provide a yes/no answer or contribute to a final mark for a piece of work. Development of training aligned to Development Skills programme is underway, that will allow employers to contribute to assessment in a more complete way. The University's programmes are approved through an Academic Approval Process. Once courses/programmes are formal System (PAMS) they are uploaded to the University's website and made available to students, staff and other stakeholders. Admissions and Communications are responsible for ensuring up-to-date publicity materials are available to prospective and information sheets, website and social media channels. Learning outcomes for work-based learning courses are written to integrate work and academic experience. Assessment of the statement of the	all involved in the work-based learning provision. Where employers are involved in	•	Heriot Watt staff involved in placement learning have the requisite expertise and competency to undertaken their role. Staff at place assessment process, but the assessment and grading is carried out by Heriot Watt University academic staff.
 The University's programmes are approved through an Academic Approval Process. Once courses/programmes are formal System (PAMS) they are uploaded to the University's website and made available to students, staff and other stakeholders. Admissions and Communications are responsible for ensuring up-to-date publicity materials are available to prospective and information sheets, website and social media channels. Learning outcomes for work-based learning courses are written to integrate work and academic experience. Assessment of the state of the s	appropriate training is given, and, for summative assessment, standard mechanisms of moderation, standardisation	•	The University is clear that work-based mentors and other staff at GA employers can contribute to assessment of apprentices in a c where they may provide a yes/no answer or contribute to a final mark for a piece of work. Development of training aligned to the Ur Development Skills programme is underway, that will allow employers to contribute to assessment in a more complete way.
		•	The University's programmes are approved through an Academic Approval Process. Once courses/programmes are formally appro System (PAMS) they are uploaded to the University's website and made available to students, staff and other stakeholders. Staff ir Admissions and Communications are responsible for ensuring up-to-date publicity materials are available to prospective and curren information sheets, website and social media channels.
		•	Learning outcomes for work-based learning courses are written to integrate work and academic experience. Assessment of the pla of subject knowledge, professional knowledge and skills.
must have a formal moderation policy for the moderation of assessment which must adhere to the University's Policy on the Assurance of Quality and Standards, Principle 2.12). The policies incorporate all stages of the assessment process, from de		•	Assessment of work-based learning is carried out in accordance with the University's assessment and moderation policies/procedur must have a formal moderation policy for the moderation of assessment which must adhere to the University's Policy on the Modera <i>Assurance of Quality and Standards, Principle 2.12</i>). The policies incorporate all stages of the assessment process, from design of (including double marking) and confirmation of results. Information is also provided within a Guide for Schools on the Moderation of <i>Theme mapping document</i>)

is is recorded within the placement agreements ned to meet the approved learning outcomes of the

es provide classes, online materials and one-toed by IS and Schools includes an Academic Study skills, and the beginnings of Information Security

features a Technology Advisor, who works closely build confidence, resilience and motivation.

g difficulty, such as dyslexia, in addition to assistive

age students on placement (work and academic -

induction programme and placement agreements.

ne of the longitudinal induction that a traditional of Virtual Learning Environments, timetables, he library) are being translated into on-line

k-based mentors are Chartered Engineers with

ement providers will provide input into the

controlled way, for example in terms of competency niversity's Learning Enhancement and

byed within the Programme Approval Management in the Directorate of Marketing, Recruitment, it students, such as prospectuses, programme

acement evaluates the application and integration

res, and External Examiner system. All Schools ation of Assessment *(COP: Management and* , and criteria for, assignments, to the final marking f Assessment document. *(Refer to the Assessment*)

8. Education organisations and employers acknowledge individuals have unique needs within the education organisation and in the workplace, and collaborate to ensure opportunities are inclusive, safe and supported. Providers, whether the education organisation or the employer, establish the unique learner needs for the learning environments and work in partnership to ensure an inclusive approach to the provision of work-based learning opportunities. This will include through reasonable adjustments to procedures, activities and physical environments (see also Enabling Student Achievement Theme).	 The University has a clear Equality and Diversity Policy which applies to all students throughout their studies regardless of mode. Placements are developed in partnership with employers, students and relevant PSRB bodies and the learning outcomes are aligned outlined within the Policy on Student Placements (Work and Academic) and managed via individual placement learning agreements. provides the scaffold onto which the work-based learning is built and provides the record of achievement. It allows each apprentice a evidence learning outcomes through work-based learning and authentic opportunities in the workplace to demonstrate this learning. To be changed to address changes in business need. The ILA allows the apprentice to identify learning outcomes and plan how they objectives. In cases where the business need changes the ILA can be updated and delivery dates moved. All students follow the same process to declare any need for support, or reasonable adjustment, which will be assessed as with any owith the permission of the student, this forms part of tri-partite discussion with employers to enable the student to be best supported to the best form of submitted work for an individual apprentice or other type of reasonable adjustment.
9. Work-based learning opportunities are	 Work-based Learning at Heriot Watt University is governed by appropriate policies, procedures, guidelines and handbooks.
designed, monitored, evaluated and reviewed in partnership with employers.	 Students Placement Policy and briefing paper Guidelines on the Management of Work Placements.
Work-based learning consists of authentic	• The Policy was reviewed to take account of the introduction of Graduate Apprenticeship Degrees from September 2017.
structured opportunities for learning which are achieved in a workplace setting or are designed to meet an identified workplace need. In order to meet the respective	• Placements are developed in partnership with employers, students and relevant PSRB bodies and the learning outcomes are aligned outlined within the <u>Policy on Student Placements (Work and Academic)</u> and managed via the placement learning agreements.
objectives for employer, student and provider, the design, monitoring and evaluation of the workplace learning opportunities should be carried out in	• Students on work-based learning placements have access to their established student representative channels - class representative from students and employers both during and after the period of work-based learning. The placement policy requires formal evaluation employer and the student.
partnership between the employer and the provider, with input from student representatives where possible and	• Part one (Student Experience) of the four-part Code of Practice for the Management of Multi-Location, Multi-Mode Programmes outlin that students should be given to feed back on their experience (both learning and general experience). See Principle 1.26.
relevant. This partnership should include obtaining feedback from employers and students and involving them in the	• Students have opportunities to provide individual feedback through various mechanisms such as end of course and programme evaluation available, such as 'open door' policies, approachable staff, tutorials and laboratories, and email.
evaluation process.	 Monitoring and review processes operate at all levels (course, programme, discipline, School, University) across all locations and more a day-to-day basis, whilst others are cyclical and take place at a set/scheduled period. Information sourced from various stakeholder in to monitoring and review processes and outcomes impact upon course and programme development/design and are considered b monitoring and review processes (such as Annual Monitoring and Review and Academic Review) involve the analysis of both quantit students, employers, staff, PSRBs, External Examiners, etc. Individual Directorates, and sections within them, monitor and evaluate learning through specialist user groups and surveys (both national and internal), and use the resulting feedback to improve provision. <i>Engagement and Enabling Student Achievement mapping documents</i>)
	• Expectations for a formal evaluation at the end of the placement period are detailed within the Policy on Student Placements. There University supervisor and informed by feedback from the student and the student's work-based supervisor. Additionally, the Careers University Committee for Quality and Standards on work placements, including the number and location of the placements, the success
	 Heriot Watt graduate apprenticeship programmes have student representation in the same way as traditional on-campus students an representation. All courses within GA programmes are subject to the same student feedback process as is used for on-campus student and for Graduate Apprenticeship students has been developed this year to replace the face-to-face feedback sessions which operate also on-going contact between Personal Tutor, employer and apprentice, presenting many opportunities for informal feedback. Simpl are collected to ensure consistency of response.

ed with work objectives. These expectations are s. The Individual Learning Agreement (ILA) and their employer to formulate how they will . There is sufficient flexibility for the plans in the ILA y will be evidenced based on legitimate work

other student. Where this has been declared, and by both parties. This could lead to a discussion on

ed with work objectives. These expectations are

ves and School Officers - and feedback is sought ion of the placement, including feedback from the

lines key principles in relation to the opportunities

aluation surveys. Informal mechanisms are also

nodes of study. Some are undertaken routinely, on ers, internal (including students) and external, feed by University-level committees. Key University titative and qualitative data, such as feedback from ate the services they provide in support of student n. (*Refer to the Monitoring and Evaluation, Student*

e is a requirement for formal evaluation by the rs Service is required to report annually to the cess (pass/fail rate) and student feedback.

and Student Union involvement is for student dents. Additionally, a questionnaire for employers ted in the pilot year of the programme. There is ple issues are fixed as they arise, common issues